

BR FU-178

C

GERMANY

WIRTZ, PAUL

(11098)

CID 16658-F

1938

GERMANY

WISS, W. J.

In 1938 wrote [translated] 'The Press of the United States and the Forces Behind Him'.

Committee for National Morale, German Psychological Warfare,  
New York, September 1941, p. 121

(11098)

CID-34321-S

P/W

S

GERMANY

to April 7, 1943

WISSMANN, KARL

Pilot of German plane shot down on April 7, 1943 in Africa; bailed out and though severely burned, survived, and is now P/W / born in 1921; served in GAF for 5½ years; was first with ground personnel of Luftwaffe in France; transferred to pilot training school in Doblengrense, Poland, where he remained for 1½ years; was courier pilot in Russia; was sent to Piacenza in November 1942, and in mid-February to Africa; was to have been promoted to sergeant major in April / deplored necessity of fighting Anglo-Americans, but had great fear of their common enemy - Bolshevism.

WAAF Interrogation Report No. 158, April 24, 1943

110981

R

GERMANY

rpt August 17, 1943

WITTE, Dr.

Chief of Propaganda of Tank Army in Russia.

FCC, NP, August 17, 1943

(11098)

GERMANY

rpt April 12, 1943

WITTEKIN, Dr.

A letter of his was read in a broadcast from Germany to South Africa; it described the films and concerts available as entertainment in Riga and other Latvian cities / several weeks prior to this broadcast, his work with Dutch and other farmers was described / he ended his letter with 'Goodnight, good old pals, goodnight, Boers'.

Enemy broadcasts to South Africa  
European Press Intelligence, April 12, 1943

(11098)

L.679

## REFERENCE CARD

7-16 ?

## GERMANY

## WITTELSBACH, PRINCE ALBRECHT LUITPOLD

Eldest son of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, heir to Bavarian throne; born in Berchtesgaden in 1915; born politician; enlisted early in army and became extremely popular; wisely avoided all meetings where royalists might demonstrate and thus arouse Nazi enmity; goes through motions of being a Nazi, but no more; married Hungarian Countess Draskowich von TRAKYOSTJAN in 1930 and has at least four children; Bavarian royalists have always felt that Austria and Bavaria belonged together; they think of Otto von HAPSBURG (see U.S.), but admire the more manly Luitpold; it is interesting to note that he and his wife now combine the two countries which many Bavarians would like to see joined.

OSS., New York, Sigrid Schultz, Nov. 18, 1942  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)

Dead

F

GERMANY

rpt June 1, 1943

WITTELSBACH, Mgr. Prince GEORGE, of Bavaria

Vatican reports his death at age of 63; was dean of the Chapter of St. Peter / elder son of Prince Leopold of Bavaria and Princess Gisela, daughter of Emperor Franz Joseph; married Archduchess of Austria in 1912; this marriage proved a failure and was annulled in 1913 / having been a sportsman and captain in Bavarian Cavalry before his marriage, he entered Jesuit monastery at Innsbruck in 1919 and was ordained there in 1921.

Berlin radio, via AP, London, June 1, 1943  
New York Times, June 2, 1943, p. 25

110980

11679

REFERENCE CARD

WW

GERMANY

RUPPRECHT, CROWN PRINCE of Bavaria WITTELSBACH

Candidate for throne favored by South German monarchists.

Sigrid Schultz -- Oct. 13, 1942 - p. 17  
Dulles - Bowden OSS, New York  
(Source left Germany in Feb. 1941)



11679

WW

REFERENCE CARD

GERMANY

To February 1941

RUPPRECHT, CROWN PRINCE of Bavaria, WITTELSBACH

Formerly close friend of von EPP, who was for a long time convinced subject would return to power / no longer so close to von Epp, but they would doubtless join together in a crisis.

DSS, New York, Sigrid Schultz, November 30, 1942  
(Source left Germany in February 1941)

S

GERMANY

rpt August 21, 1943

WITTMAN

Suspected of anti-Nazi activity.

OES, Washington, German desk, (Heppner), August 21, 1943

(11098)

F

GERMANY

rpt 1936

NITTMAN, MICHAEL

PhD; professor of Philosophy / born in Ober Bayern in 1870; attended gymnasium and lyceum at Eichstätt, and Universities of Munich and Breslau / taught at Eichstätt lyceum in 1899; became professor in 1901 / has written on Thomas Aquinas, and on Arab and Greek philosophers.

Wer. Ist's ?, 1936

.110981

Field

rpt October 5, 1942

GERMANY

WITZEL, General Admiral

Is retiring from his post as chief executive of the naval arms center and has been called into the President's council of the Reich Research Council / received the Knight's Cross of the War Service Cross in recognition of his great merits in furthering the development of arms, and armaments in general, of the German navy.

FCC, October 5, 1942

(11098)

~~(1-234-139)~~

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

WITZELL, GENERAL -ADMIRAL

Appointed by ~~SPER~~ (q.v.) to his new Armament Council.

B, "Germany: Armaments, Munitions", Oct. 6, 1942 (as of end of June to August)

(90)

CID-32213-C

rpt May 6, 1942

GERMANY

WETZELL, General Admiral KARI.

Supreme Chief of Naval Ordnance / according to DNB of May 6, 1942, has recently been appointed to Armament Council / almost 70 years old; has held Ordnance post for at least seven years.

Nazis in the News, May 6, 1942

110981

February 1, 1943

GERMANY

WITZENDORFF, Major General von

His promotion from Colonel to  
Major General effective February  
1, 1943.

State Department Plain Cable #341, Bern, February 5, 1943

10981

R

died August 10, 1943

GERMANY

WITZENDORF, General BODO von

Air general / for many years head of the Central Office of the  
German Air Ministry / died of a stroke on August 10, 1943.

Berlin radio

FCC, Daily Report, August 13, 1943

(1.098)



R

to 1933

GERMANY

~~rpt. c. March 17, 1941~~

WITZLEBEN, Field Marshal ERWIN von

Son of a captain; born in Breslau in 1881; protestant; married, with two children; lives in Berlin / attended military schools; lieutenant in 1901; captain in 1941; was wounded near Verdun and decorated / on General Staff in 1918 / colonel in 1931; major general in command of 3rd Defense Section in 1933.

War Communications Defense Project, c. March 17, 1941

(11098)

R

GERMANY

to June 1940  
~~Feb February 17, 1943~~

WITZLEBEN

lt. colonel in 1929; lt. general in command of 3rd Corps in Berlin 1937; general of infantry and army inspector in 1939; col. general in command of an army in France in June 1940.

Fighting French, London, February 17, 1943

111081

F

GERMANY

rpt 1942

WITTELEBEN

Acted as RUNDSTEDT's liaison man in the latter's abortive attempt to revolt against Hitler in early 1935; stood solidly behind von FRITSCH in his conflict with Hitler in early 1938.

Curt Riess, The Self-Betrayed, 1942, pp. 29, 160

11609

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

GERMANY

September 9, 1942

WITZLEBEN, GENERAL

Dismissed from G.H.Q. along with Generals GUDERIAN and  
HOPNER / reasons for their dismissal were lack of success  
and resourcefulness.

Polish Intelligence, No. 224 - 736/42  
September 9, 1942

REFERENCE CARD

7-16

**GERMANY**

**WITZLEBEN, GENERAL ERWIN VON**

In 1940, led first German Army in its break through the Maginot line; now reported to have arrived in French North Africa to resist American forces.

Washington Post, Nov. 12, 1942

(S)